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In ordering, it is only necessary to state the name and quantity of Wine or Spirit wanted, and initial letter for quality desired.

PORTS. (For Invalids and general use).

	Per Case.	Per Bot.
A Alto Douro, good quality, Green Capsule.....	\$10	\$1.00
B Vintage, superior quality, Red Capsule.....	12	1.10
C Fine Old Vintage, superior quality, Black Seal Capsule.....	14	1.25
D Very Fine Old Vintage, extra superior, Violet Capsule (Old Bottled).....	18	1.50

## SHERRIES.

A Delicate Pale Dry, dinner wine, Green Capsule.....	6	0.60
B Superior Pale Dry, dinner wine, Green Seal Capsule.....	7.50	0.75
C Maitland, Pale, Natural Sherry, White Capsule.....	10	1.00
CC Superior Old Dry, Pale Natural Sherry, Red Seal Capsule.....	10	1.10
D Very Superior Old Pale Dry, choice old Wine, White Seal Capsule.....	12	1.10
E Extra Superior Old Pale Dry, very finest quality, Black Seal Capsule (Old Bottled).....	14	1.25

## CLARETS.

A Superior Breakfast Claret, Red Capsule.....	4	\$4.50
B St. Etienne, Red Capsule.....	4.50	5.00
C St. Julien, Red Capsule.....	7	7.50
D La Rose, Red Capsule.....	11	12.00

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FULL PARTICULARS OF THE VARIOUS BRANDS IN STOCK ON APPLICATION.

Per Case. Per Bot.

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A Hennessy's Old Pale, Red Capsule.....	\$13	\$1.20
B Superior Very Old Cognac, Red Capsule.....	15	1.40
C Very Old Liqueur Cognac, Red Capsule.....	20	1.75
D Hennessy's Finest Very Old Liqueur Cognac, 1875 Vintage, Red Capsule.....	30	2.50

## SCOTCH WHISKY.

A Thorne's Blend, White Capsule.....	8	0.75
B Watson's Glenorchy, Mellow Blend, Blue Capsule with Name and Trade Mark.....	8	0.75
C Watson's Abolour-Glenorchy, Red Capsule with Name and Trade Mark.....	8	0.75
D Watson's H K D Blend of the Finest Scotch Malt Whiskies, Violet Capsule.....	10	1.00
E Watson's Glenorchy, Mellow Scotch Whisky, Gold Capsule.....	12	1.10

## IRISH WHISKY.

A John Jameson's Old, Green Capsule.....	8	0.75
B John Jameson's Fine Old, Green Capsule.....	10	1.00
C John Jameson's Very Fine Old, Green Capsule.....	12	1.10
D Genuine Bourbon Whisky, fine old, Red Capsule, with Name.....	10	1.00

## GIN.

A Fine Old Tom, White Capsule.....	4.50	0.40
B Fine Unsweetened, White Capsule.....	4.50	0.40
C Fine A. V. H. Gervais.....	5.50	0.50

## RUM.

Finest Old Jamaica, Violet Capsule.....	12	1.00
Good Lecward Island, \$1.50 per Gallon.....		

## LIQUEURS.

Benedictine Maraschino.....		
Curaçao, Heering's Cherry Cordial.....		
Chartreuse, Dr. Slegers' Angostura Bitters, &c.....		

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A. S. WATSON &amp; CO., LD.

THE HONGKONG DISPENSARY.

ESTABLISHED A.D. 1841.

Hongkong, 4th February, 1892.

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Letters on editorial matters to be sent to "The Editor" and not to individual members of the staff.

Communications intended for publication must be accompanied by the name and address of the writer, not necessarily for publication; but as evidence of good faith.

While the columns of the Hongkong Telegraph will always be open to the free discussion by correspondents of all questions affecting public interests, it must be distinctly understood that the Editor does not in any way hold himself responsible for opinions thus expressed.

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Advertisers are requested to forward all notices intended for publication in this paper before 10 o'clock on the day preceding the day of publication, so as to enable the Editor to make the necessary arrangements.

Advertisements and Subscriptions which are not ordered for a fixed period will be continued until discontinued.

The Hongkong Telegraph has the largest circulation of any English newspaper published in the Far East, and is therefore the best medium for Advertisers. Terms can be learnt on application.

The Hongkong Telegraph is published daily at 5.30 p.m. Subscribers in the central districts who do not receive their copies by post will be obliged by a notice commencing with the Manager.

Subscribers to The Hongkong Telegraph are respectfully reminded that all Subscriptions are payable in advance.

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The Hongkong Telegraph.

HONGKONG, THURSDAY, MAY 19, 1892.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

The Empress Eugénie is said to have paid 1,000 francs per ounce for a strand of hair that exactly matched her own.

PREF. Hyacinthe has become a theosophist. What will this exceedingly clever preacher become next?

MR. BLAND of the U.S. silver-bill fame is a short, rather fat man who dresses with remarkable eccentricity.

HARVESTON'S Circus is still doing good business in Shanghai. The managers advertise for fifty children to take part in a forthcoming pantomime.

It has been said that one of the most trying times in a man's life is when he introduces his second wife, aged 19, to his eldest daughter, who is past 20.

ANDREW Carnegie, the Pittsburgh ironmaster, is said to be worth about \$35,000,000, all of which he intends to dispose of in charitable works before his death.

We are informed by the agents of the Austrian Lloyd's S. N. Co. that the Company's steamer Maria Teresa left Shanghai yesterday afternoon, for this port.

SISTER Rose Gertrude, who went to the Hawaiian Islands to live and labor in the leper settlement and married Dr. Lutz in that far-off country, writes that she is happy in her island home.

THE latest thing in "corners" is that worked by the Boston underwriters. Those who lacked the foresight to do before this came about will now have to pay 20 per cent. more for their coffins.

LORD DUFFERIN is only the eighth Ambassador sent by Great Britain to France since 1814; while France has been represented at the court of St. James by no less than thirty-eight men in that period.

It is the extraordinary parsimony of the U.S. Government, says the Shanghai morning paper, that is delaying—if it does not altogether prevent—the trial of France for the murder of G. Lemons. There is no one to prosecute him, because there is no one attached to the Consulate to draw up an indictment, and the Government will not pay any one to do it. It seems quite possible that in these circumstances France will not be tried at all. Perhaps the Municipal Council will intervene, as the late Mr. Lemon was a ratepayer.

A GENTLEMAN who has been many years in the Siam Civil Service and has now had enough of it, is travelling towards Australia with a company of celebrated Siamese athletes, whose games are as interesting and highly meritorious as they are unknown to the outside world. One of their chief sports is the "lock-ball," played with a ball, and vaguely called in English "foot-ball," though as little like it as pe-sens to a thimble gigging. It is, however, a very fine spectacle well worth seeing, and may be seen at West Point on Saturday afternoon next for the small fee of one dollar. The company has also with it a curious "paloocephalus," or missing-link, half man, half ape, which we believe will be on show in a few days.

LADY TENNYSON is credited with having composed the music for thirty of her husband's lyrics.

Of the Confederate Confederates only one full General survives—P. T. Beauregard—but there are upwards of 150 surviving Brigadier-Generals, and, as for Colonels, the Southern woods are full of them.

A RATTLE of poker chips sounded in the collector's case as he opened the door of the office.

"Is Mr. Brinkley in?" he inquired.

"No, sir," replied the office boy. "He is out about 37."

AN Emergency meeting of St. John Lodge, No. 518, S.C., will be held at Freemasons' Hall, Zealand Street, on Saturday, at 8.30 p.m. precisely. Visiting brethren are cordially invited.

THE Shanghai Volunteers were to hold their spring rifle meeting on the 17th and 18th, and a very successful series of contests was anticipated.

The chief event was the Ladies' Prize, for which sixty-eight ladies subscribed and nominated champions.

PROFESSOR HUXLEY once said that any nation would do well in expending £100,000 in discovering such a man as Faraday, and in spending £100,000 more in educating him. He was worth more than that in the commercial value of his discoveries.

It is estimated that a hundred New York doctors have each an annual income of \$10,000 and over. Among the rascals who make from \$20,000 to \$30,000 is Dr. Mary Putnam Jacob, whose income is reported to be the largest of all professional women's in America.

It may interest some of our readers to know that the "K" in Jerome K. Jerome's name stands for "Kappa." Mr. Jerome is not yet 42 years of age, and has been in his time a clerk, a schoolmaster, a shorthand writer, a reporter, an actor, a journalist, and a successful dramatic author.

THE oldest Roman poster has just been found and acquired by the British Museum. It is a thin slab of stone three feet long. In the upper corner are holes for cords so it might be hung outside the theatre, and it bears the inscription in Latin: "Circus fall. Immense applause. Doors shut." It is evidently an S. R. O. sign, and shows that the noble old Roman manager knew his business.

A SYDNEY music-seller advertised in the daily papers that he wishes to return his best thanks to a lady who had written him a letter, and in the advertisement he called her "M." and "Good gracious, M." "I exclaimed the publisher, "you don't mean to say you are doing this sort of thing for a living? And why not?" replied the author. "If you reckon up what you have me for my last novel, you'll see that 3d. an hour for street-scavenging means a considerable advance in the price I get for my work."

The announcement made that the Pacific Mail Steamship Company would double the number of its graduates from the school ship St. Mary next fall as apprentices under the postal subsidy bill, is observed by the *Marine Journal*, most gratifyingly. This opportunity to recruit the ranks of American sailors to even this moderate extent shows what the mail bill would have accomplished in that direction had the rate of subsidy been all that it should. All that can be done under the present subsidy bill is to promote more frequent trips by old established lines. To establish new ones would entail financial loss. We are grateful, however, for this small recognition at the hands of a past Congress.

THE Annual Athletic Sports were held at Shanghai on the 11th in splendid weather, after two postponements on account of rain. The handicapping was in some cases defective, but otherwise the arrangements were highly satisfactory. Following were the principal winners: 120 yards handicap, F. A. Sampson (scratch) 12 1/2 s.; 100 yards handicap, H. T. Hancock (50 yards) 20 1/4 s.; long jump, H. G. Courtney, 10 ft.; 220 yards handicap, H. T. Hancock (25 yards) 22 3/4 s.; veterans' race, 75 yards, A. Anderson (scratch) 9 1/2 s.; quarter-mile, handicap, H. T. Hancock, (40 yards) 56 3/4 s.; high jump handicap, H. J. Stewart (5 ft. 4 in. net); 100 yards handicap, F. A. Sampson, 10 1/2 s.; steeplechase handicap, W. B. Bates (scratch).

OUR Sydney contemporary the *Bulletin* says it is a surprising circumstance that it is among all the auditors who have been arrested of late for certifying to false balance-sheets issued by bogus banks, not one has put in a plea of insanity, complicated by epileptic fits. It is about the most reasonable plea that an auditor could put in, and we hope that the next time he takes the hint. Homicidal mania is already a recognized complaint, but arithmetical mania, with a diseased tendency on the part of the patient to state that the securities are all right when they aren't, is a matter that hasn't been fully investigated. The mentally distorted wretch who inherits his tendency towards auditing from a long line of commercially misshapen ancestors, ought to be an interesting study.THERE are few (if any) "sports" in this Colony who have not at least a faint recollection of the good-natured "bruiser" who favoured Hongkong with a call last winter—to wit, Woolf Beudorf, a London pugilist. Well, after leaving this fair land, Beudorf dropped in at Shanghai and then after strolling through Dal Nippon and the United States, he came back to Hongkong, and in the *Illustrated Sporting News* he writes of something in the Auld Country, as will be seen by the following clipping from a *Liverpool* daily:—"Woolf Beudorf, the pugilist, was reminded at Liverpool on the 14th April of a charge of stabbing a publican named Alford, and was accordingly committed to prison for three months. In the evening the prisoner returned to the public-house, armed with a revolver, with which he stabbed Alford several times on the neck and face."

Well, did you ever? Why, the bloomer must have been (while here at all events) a veritable "wolf" in sheep's clothing, for he certainly looked as peaceful and dull as any sheep.

THE Newswatch correspondent of the *N. C. Daily News* writes on the 16th inst.:—"The extra vacancy in the pilotage service has been filled up by the election of Capt. Peacock. The season seems to be very late, as there are only just beginning to throw out leaves, but fires in the morning and evening are still comforting, although we are supposed to be going in for the summer. We have scarcely any spring, autumn, and jump from winter to summer without much of break. Produce is dear, and one can hardly believe that last year's crops were so good, for the inclination to ship is not on a par with what was done last year. Perhaps the demand in the south is not favourable. At any rate, speculation is more limited on account of the want of confidence generally which is affecting all kinds of business. The loss in exchange alone for remittances of imports sold at month's notice must be a serious item, especially as native sellers expect more for export because they are aware that their goods are cheaper, although just as valuable to them as before. There is more talk of the Boat Tax, a sort of tonnage duty on goods and other produce conveyed, but we hardly think it can be enforced, as the opposition is very powerful."

MUCH interest is excited by the efforts of a large syndicate which is trying to acquire the whole rice-crop of Japan.

EXTRACTIVITY has been used in Sweden as a substitute for dynamite in blasting. A strong current is turned into the rock, and the intense heat causes it to crack.

FOR the last three years Rosa Bonheur has been engaged on the largest animal picture ever painted. It represents ten horses of full size trotting over a threshold floor, and the artist has already refused £12,000 for it.

"I thought he wouldn't allow you to marry a lawyer?"

Cora—Oh, but that's all right so far as you are concerned, he says. He heard you trying to conduct a case in court to-day.

FILLIS'S Circus is announced to open shortly for a brief season in Singapore, en route for Australia. Owing to there being two circuses already in China (Woodyear's and Hayman's) Mr. Fillis has been compelled to postpone his projected tour through the Grand Orient.

THE dog who stole his master's watch and deposited it in his bone-store in the back yard has been re-named "Procrastination." The explanation of this joke has been put up in pamphlet form for the convenience of our Scottish readers, who can have a copy on the usual terms.

It is stated that the cost of transport in India is so high that the Bengal coal-owners, although they are producing coal at a rate of 2.5 tons a ton, are unable to compete with imported coal at Bombay and Kurrachee, which sells at close on Rs. 20 per ton. There were eighty-two collieries at work in India in 1890, of which 73 are in Bengal, one in the Punjab, two in the Central Provinces, three in Assam, one in Central India, one in the Deccan, and one in Beluchistan.

THE Shanghai *Mercury* of May 13th says:—"The latest addition to the China Merchants' fleet, the *Hatch*, arrived to-day from Tongkin. She is a sister ship and similar in every respect to the *Hsinjung*, which is commanded by Captain Farrington, and had a large cargo and some machinery for Tientsin, which she took up straight from Singapore to Tongkin, to discharge. On coming into port to-day, she went at once into the Old Dock to be painted and overhauled."

A LONDON paper has a story about a well-known publisher coming out of his mansion to enter his carriage, and recognising one of his authors shovelling up the snow from the pavement. "Good gracious, M." "I exclaimed the publisher, "you don't mean to say you are doing this sort of thing for a living? And why not?" replied the author. "If you reckon up what you have me for my last novel, you'll see that 3d. an hour for street-scavenging means a considerable advance in the price I get for my work."

We are pleased to learn that it is proposed to form in Kowloon a club somewhat on the lines of the Victoria Recreation Club. The basis of the new organisation is to be a bathing place, which Kowloon has cried aloud for ever since people began to live there, yet nobody seems to have ever made a practical attempt to establish a swimming bath there until now. As our esteemed friend Murray Bain lives at Kowloon, and wants washing, we trust he will do what he can to get the club started, and that he will often drop in.

THE *Amoy Gazette* says that the British barque *Walter Sigfried*, Captain Hanson, from Newcastle, arrived in Amoy on the 18th inst. and reports that on May 7th she spoke the steamship *Newchwang* in lat. 24° 00' North and Long. 122° 50' East, steering West under canvas, shaft broken, wanting assistance. From this position she was apparently trying to make Shanghai. From Shanghai papers to hand this morning we learn that the *Newchwang*, having been fitted with a new crank shaft, which was done by Boyd & Co., Ltd., in the short space of 48 hours, resumed her voyage to Japan on the afternoon of the 14th.In connection with the recent collision between the China Merchants' S. N. Co.'s steamer *Fushan* and the German Consulate, Shanghai, on the 14th, together with Captain Crow and the officers and engineers of the *Fushan*, Mr. Drummond explained that though those on board the *Fushan* were ready to give their evidence, it had been thought advisable to withhold it until a Court was formally constituted to decide upon the case. Vice-Consul von Locher said the evidence of the captain and officers of the *Peking* had been already taken, and sent to Germany for decision as to the manner in which it might affect their certificates.

MR. JUSTICE DENMAN has beaten the "record" in brevity of summing up. It was in a claim for damages from a street collision. Witnesses gave, of course, contradictory accounts of the accident, but, when all was finished, and counsel had laboriously twisted the facts to suit the case of their respective clients, Mr. Justice Denman, turning to the jury, said, "How much?" And the jury, which included equal promulgators, replied "450," which included 25 of the defendants' paid into Court. It was in the same case that Mr. Justice Denman mentioned the mistake of a witness who used words of which he did not know the meaning. He wished to say that the doctor who attended him was only a "locum tenens." But persisted in calling him a "local demon." Even when the proper phrase had been put to him three or four times, and he was told that the word was "locum," and left the witness-box fully persuaded that a medical practitioner who officiates for another is a "local demon."

UNDER the heading "Chinese Impudence" the *San Francisco Bulletin* remarks:—"The published correspondence between our State Department, the Chinese Minister and his Government relative to the appointment of Ex-Senator Blair as Minister to China, is mostly familiar matter, but contains one point which is interesting as an exhibition of Chinese impudence and ignorance. The Chinese Minister informed the State Department that the real objection to Blair was resentment at the passage of the Scott Act, which he favored, and that if the President or Secretary of State would repeal that Act and re-establish the former treaty, China would receive Blair. We can excuse the ignorance displayed because a Chinaman is hardly supposed to understand our system of Government, even though commissioned as a diplomatic representative, but the impudence of making the reception of a Minister dependent upon our domestic legislation is only excusable in connection with general ignorance of laws and usages which regulate the relations of civilized Powers. In her position at Peking, which has long maintained diplomatic relations with civilized governments, China cannot consistently plead the baby act in that connection, and has been guilty of a piece of gross and inexcusable impudence. The enactment of the Scott Act will be a proper rebuke of the course pursued by the Chinese Government in the Blair matter, and an intimation that our Government resents this impudent attempt at interference in our domestic legislation."

AN Emergency Convocation of St. Andrew's Chapter, No. 218, S.C., will be held in Freemasons' Hall, Zealand Street, to-morrow, at 8 for 8.30 p.m. precisely. Visiting Companions are cordially invited.

THE U.S.S. *Monocacy* returned to Shanghai from her spell of target practice on the 18th inst. The ancient ship means to "have a go" at the *Impressos*, if she only gets half a chance. But Uncle Sam doesn't want to fight just now, and if he did, the citizens of the greatest nation the world has ever seen wouldn't allow him. Give John Bull plenty of rope and he will find himself in a tight corner before long, and the getting out won't be easy.THE *Strait Times* of the 7th inst. blossoms out into flower as follows:—"Mademoiselle Olga Dubois, a Russian pianist, said to be of great eminence, and obviously of great energy, arrived from China yesterday; she goes to Deloit to-morrow, and will return to Singapore shortly. Mademoiselle Dubois has been travelling vigorously all over the world." Yes! there is no mistake about Olga! she has been "doing" the world most vigorously for the past dozen years. Madlle. Dubois' experiences "bucking the tiger" in Macao would alone make an interesting volume. Now, Olga!

"What Australia wants," says "General" Booth, "is a strong Government, morality, religion, people who would work, and regular immigration in connection with settling people on the land."

Which, remarks the irrepressible *Sydney Bulletin*, implies a despotic way of managing the country, a despotic in a red shirt, more bludgeoning and big drums, more collections—Booth to take care of the cash, and his accounts not to be audited, the sweating system, as practised in the Salvation colonies in England, and all the spare land to be given away gratis to Booth, in alleged trust for Salvation paupers.ACCORDING to advices received in San Francisco from Honolulu, a family of twelve persons have been brought prisoners to that place from the island of Lualaba, charged with murder. The story is told that Punolo, a female member of the family, through her remarkable curing powers, had secured the reputation of being *Kahuna*, or one possessed of supernatural powers. Acting under the guidance of the spirit directing her, she clubbed to death her sister for questioning her powers, and next clubbed to death her nephew, aged six. Her brother, a man of 50, was then seized and held by the members of the family while Punolo burned his face and body with a flaming torch. The miscreants also seized another man, whom the woman beat to death. As a result of these crimes, the natives have deserted the place.

AT an early hour yesterday morning Sergeant Reynolds of the Shropshire Light Infantry was on duty at Headquarters House, discovered a Chinese carpenter attempting to commit suicide by hanging himself up to a tree in the grounds. The would-be suicide tried to commit the rash act with his waist-band, but, misjudging the distance of the drop, failed to swing clear of terra firma and his toes just touched the ground and prevented him from passing blissfully from Time into Eternity. He promptly doubled up, pulling the whole weight of his body on the neck. The sergeant, however, cut him down before he was through with the business. This morning the coolie met Mr. Woodhouse in his magisterial hall and tearfully told him that the reason for the rash act was that some heartless rogue had stolen seven dollars from his purse, which he intended to forward to his mother who was lying ill at Canton. Being unable to help her he thought it just as well to try to swing her across the border. Since the meeting, His Worship sagely bowed him over in his own recognisance to the amount of £5; not to do it again for six months. Curious sort of bond, wasn't it?

THUS the *Amoy Gazette*, which journal, by the way, is making an effort to extend itself in its old age, "Things are seldom what they seem, all glitters is not gold. We are now in the very zenith of enjoyment, balls, concerts, chess, cricket matches, burlesques, which have all followed so quick one upon the other that we are beginning to lose our heads in the whirl of amusement. How long will it last? Is the question now being asked. The circus is still on tap, and in all probability we shall have another performance of the excellent plays, given us the other night by the Amoy Amateur Dramatic Society, but there is an end to it all, and we fear, yes, greatly fear, the time for finishing all this is close at hand. The tea market will open shortly, and then *adieu* to all amusement and enjoyments for six long weary months. The winter at this port has been an exceptionally bright and brilliant one, and one which we are sure, will be remembered by many. But now to business must we bend our minds, as the poet says:—"Youth, few white curls, and life and pride. Old to reduce from spring to fall again. But now we must turn thoughts to the grave. Must leave thy pleasure, and thy work ordain."

What will the present tea season bring forth, results good or bad, of course time alone can tell. It is our earnest hope that it will be a good one, for when money is being made things in general go so much better."

THE antagonism which some years ago was so frequently expressed in hard knocks between "town and gown," in university cities in England occasionally has, says the *Shanghai Mercury*, a counterpart in China, which expresses itself in stand-up fights between the students, literary and military, and the residents of towns or near where the great examinations are held. The townspeople do not invariably regard the approach of the examinations with that lively delight which traders in other parts of the world greet any event which brings in the train the influx of a large number of visitors. This is explained by the fact that the bulk of the students presenting themselves in the examination halls come from distant parts of the country, and too often presuming upon their superior status in Celestial society, show their contempt for the ordinary townsfolk by insulting and knocking them about and occasionally carrying off their wares in the most barefaced fashion and without the formality of payment. The clanish instinct, too, generally operates strongly upon the student class in China, and causes them to make common cause for their individual protection, when attacked, or to secure immunity from punishment when they have done anything deserving it. There was an example of this at Kowloon the other day when a large body of military students suddenly made a *rampole* on the premises of a big hardware merchant, put to flight the occupants, demolished the place, and triumphantly marched off with six hundred taels in cash. But unfortunately two of the attendants of the military robbers were left behind, and these were promptly taken before the Magistrate, who is investigating the case. The cause of the attack in the first instance is unknown, and it is not thought probable that robbery was the sole motive, but rather a pleasant little addition to the programme, begotten of the moment and the fact that money, which always comes in handy, happened to be in the way of the assailants, who had no moral strength to resist the temptation. It is thought, however, that an explanation of the attack may be found in the fact that the merchants' wife comes from the same part of the country as the students.

## SUPREME COURT.

IN CRIMINAL SESSIONS.

(Before Mr. Fielding Clarke, Acting Chief Justice.)

May 19th.



of Hongkong. I told the said C. J. Matlock to ascertain whether the men would prefer to be handed over to the police in Hongkong or be sent back to Japan, and I stated I preferred taking them back and having them punished in Japan as a warning to other intending stowaways. I was subsequently told that the men had elected to go back to Japan rather than to be handed over to the police in Hongkong.

(Signed) C. J. Edwards.  
And I the said C. J. Matlock for myself say:—Acting as I believed in accordance with the direction given to me by the said G. J. Edwards as herein before stated I confined the said two stowaways in the store-room of the steamship *Zambesi* before entering the harbour of Hongkong, and through the boatwain of the ship, who acted as interpreter, I enquired of the men whether they would prefer being handed over to the police in Hongkong or be taken back to Japan, and I was told by the boatwain that they had elected to go back to Japan rather than to be handed over to the police in Hongkong. I therefore kept them in confinement as stated in the evidence taken in the trial yesterday. In imprisoning the said stowaways and in seeing as I did I verily believed that I was carrying out the wishes and instructions of my commanding officer, and that I was doing no more than it was my duty to do. I was not aware that I was committing any wrong or infringing the law in any respect.  
(Signed) C. J. Matlock.

THE "MEMNON" T. G. Keane, chief officer of the *Memnon*, charged with shooting a fireman on board that ship on the 5th April. Through some misunderstanding, said the learned counsel, the ship had been allowed to go away with all the witnesses on board, on the presumption that the Sessions could wait till she returned. She was expected back on the 27th, a public holiday in honour of the Queen's birthday. He asked for a postponement to the 30th.

The Sessions were accordingly adjourned to the 30th, Keane on bail as before.

#### ALLEGED BLACKMAILING BY A LUKONG.

Chinese constable No. 322 was brought before Mr. Wodehouse this morning, on remand, charged with assaulting chair-coolies and levying blackmail from them. Mr. H. L. Dennis appeared for the defence, Chief Inspector Matheson prosecuted and Mr. Kaw Hong Take, J. P., watched the case on behalf of the Chinese coolies.

Chin Ma-chi, a chair-coolie, said:—On the 18th instant, about 12 o'clock, I was in Possession Street and saw a man running away. On the 19th instant I saw the defendant again in Possession Street. I was there with my chair and saw the defendant get hold of bearers of chair No. 248 and violently assault them. The assault was committed with his fists. He also assaulted other chair-coolies.

Mr. Kaw Hong Take:—Will your Worship allow me. There is a mistake in the interpretation.

His Worship:—Well a minute.

Continuing, witness said:—The constable struck the coolies hard with his fists. Being near the man I could see distinctly.

His Worship to the Chinese Interpreter:—Do you understand my questions? Do you understand and interpret the answers properly?

The Interpreter:—Yes, sir.

Witness, continuing, said the constable first went to one end of the chair and assaulted the coolie in such a manner as to almost cause the leading coolie to fall down. They dropped the chair and ran away in opposite directions. I don't know why the assault was committed. The defendant was the only *lukong* in uniform in the street at the time. Two nights prior to the occasion in question I was assaulted by the defendant, so when I saw the assault to which I refer I was in hiding, having run away as soon as I saw the assault approaching.

Cross-examined, witness said he went to a house opposite to the Chin-fung brothel at midnight on the night in question. There were fully thirty chairs in the street, all along the side-channel.

At this point his Worship expressed his surprise that the Court Interpreter should take about four minutes to put the question:—"Is the street under repair?"

Continuing, the street is under repair at present but it is not on that account that the police are often driving us (chair-coolies) away. The *lukong* entered Possession Street from the Queen's Road and passed my chair before reaching the coolies he assaulted. The coolies assaulted are named Chun Yau and Chun Ayon. Mr. Kaw Hong Take, asked me why the constable assaulted me, and I said because I wouldn't pay him three cents.

By the Court:—It was on the 3rd that the *lukong* demanded the three cents. When coming along Possession Street the defendant caught me by the coat and said:—"I want to make some money with my chair." He replied:—"If you don't give me three cents I'll beat you to death." I refused. He then punched me hard with his fist on the chest. I thought I was obliged to pay the three cents because I was very late—that was what the *lukong* said. I never paid the defendant any money, but whether or not other chair-coolies paid him I cannot say. Never saw him assault any other coolies, nor did I hear him demand blackmail before.

On the continuation of the trial this afternoon His Worship dismissed both the charges against the *lukong*—of assault and attempting to obtain bribes. In the course of a long judgment his Worship dwelt on the need for more definite and widely known regulations for the control of chair and ricksha coolies, and for the guidance of the police. If this suggestion could be properly carried out, it would avoid a great deal of unnecessary but at present inevitable friction, and would relieve the police magistrate of an immense number of trivial cases. Prisoner dismissed.

#### CORRESPONDENCE.

(We do not necessarily endorse the opinions expressed by Correspondents in this column.)

#### COMR. HASTINGS, R.N.

To the Editor of the "Hongkong Telegraph."  
Sir,—Is it too much to ask you to give Capt. Hastings a rest? He has been all day yesterday, and he has not had a training particularly adapted for the post he now holds, but he does his best, which is more than many members of the Civil Service usually do. A more fair-minded, honest, and conscientious man, or one more anxious to do his duty without thinking of himself, could hardly be found. I have had some dealings with him myself, and only wish there were more of his sort. If he doesn't know much law, he does far better than some who do—not to mention names!

Yours truly, FAIRPLAY.  
Hongkong, 14th May, 1892.

#### A WORD FOR THE GOVERNMENT.

To the Editor of the "Hongkong Telegraph."  
Sir,—As an impartial outsider, you cannot object to my stating the opinion that, however deficient in sense the Government may be, some of its policies exhibit a worse state of mind. Nobody with any experience can expect a Government to do everything in a perfect manner.

on it to do anything. But there is a growing disposition in Hongkong to count on Government to wet-nurse every commercial enterprise, to look after everything in a ridiculous grand-motherly way. Why cannot strolling people make their own signalling arrangements? This is only one instance, but it is much to the point. The commercial community protests against grand-motherly legislation, and yet cries for more.

Yours sincerely,  
JOHN PYM.  
Hongkong, 17th May, 1892.

#### OFFICIAL SALARIES.

To the Editor of the "Hongkong Telegraph."  
Sir,—There is one point about the retrenchment scheme which seems to have escaped everybody. The Colonial Secretary, of course, did not mention it, but it is strange how Mr. Whitehead, Mr. Chater, yourself and your contemporaries all forgot it.

There was a distinct promise that the increase of official salaries last year should not be perpetuated without special consent. This promise was repeated and emphasised several times. Now it is broken.

Yours truly,  
T. W.  
Hongkong, 19th May, 1892.

#### "GOVERNMENT" IN THE PHILIPPINES.

To the Editor of the "Hongkong Telegraph."  
Sir,—Seeing in one of your papers of last month an account of the good work the new Captain General Despujol is doing in the Philippines, and the interest he takes in everything, I beg now to ask you for space in your valued paper, to state certain facts as to events which are passing here (Yap), and of which he has been informed by various Consuls in Manila.

In the month of September last, the Governor here, in partnership with the Secretary and a native chief, started to do copra business, by instituting the natives a w. one hundred bags each were landed in the name of the Governor of the Caroline, in a good many villages of this group, and the inhabitants were told to fill them with copra for the Governor, and if in a certain time the bags were not filled, they would be punished, this punishment to consist in having their houses burned, and their cocoanut trees destroyed. Notwithstanding that all the merchants of this place complained to their respective consuls in Manila, the carrying-on of the Government officials here, very little notice was seemingly taken of this. As it was said, the Governor was recalled, and the Secretary suspended, but this seems only to have been a ruse to throw dust in our eyes, as by this last mail, which arrived here on the 13th inst., the same Governor, Don José Montero y Oca, returned from Manila, bringing with him two boats and several thousand empty bags, to be filled with copra, by which this legitimate business should not be carried on as we are able thus far to hold our own against any new comer or old hand, but, as the natives are so easily intimidated and so terribly afraid of anything that has the smell of Government about it, they will make copra for the Governor, before paying their debts to us. If, as you say, the Captain General is such a just and honorable man, why are there no steps taken to stop the actions of this Governor and his adherents?

The consequences of this are that the natives are again as licensees as they were before the Governor came here. Murder is committed under the very eyes of the Governor, but no notice taken of it. In fact, it went thus far, that according to the story of the natives, there was a murder committed here the other day, and on account of the native chief, partner in the Governor's business, receiving a certain amount of native coin (pearl-shell) to hush the matter up, the Governor took no steps whatever towards punishing the murderer, though the case was witnessed by the Padre and Missionaries. Some four months ago, there was a most atrocious murder committed, within a quarter of a mile of Government House, and though the names of the murderers were known the next day, the Governor washed his hands clear of it. In fact, on account of the Governor and secretary having so much to do, in attending to their copra business, civilisation will be a long time coming.

One of the former Governors here, the late Don Mariano Torres, the only proper Governor we have had, did everything possible to stop the old manners and customs of Yap. He introduced the Spanish code here, paid for everything he received from the natives, and did his utmost to civilise the people. Since his departure from here, everything has gone on the old way again. The Governor and acting Governors we have had here since 1889 have been numerous, and followed each other up with remarkable speed, until the present Governor, who arrived in April 1890 and has been here since, until the beginning of last March, when he left for Manila and returned on the 13th of this month. Now this Governor instead of civilising the natives, makes the native money into government coin; that is to say, he barter with the natives for pearl-shell instead of paying them in dollars and cents. Surely the Spanish Government do not hold these islands for the benefit of their paid employes, because at the rate business is going on here, it seems that the Governor and Co. are making their pile out of the Yap natives. Sealing or fighting is not noticed at all, though women are torn from their husbands' homes, to be used for the benefit, or better said prostitution, of the natives of other villages, and if, in going round this group, I ever make a remark about it to the natives, they only answer me:—"What do we care for the Governor, a few bags of copra or a couple of pigs will cover all our sins, and he is committed, and if taken notice of, paid for at the rate of one or two hundred bags of copra per corpse."

And now, to crown all, there is a squad of convicts roaming about the group by permission of the Government, who are trying their utmost to make Yap men worse than they are already. Surely the convicts ought to be kept in the Philippines. In short, the state of Yap to-day is much worse than before a Government existed here.

Thanking you before hand for your inserting the above.

I remain, Sir,  
Yours faithfully,  
W. JOSEF MICHELS,  
Manager for D. P. O'Keefe, Esq.  
Yap, 30th April, 1892.

#### SOUTH FORMOSA.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

Tainanfo, 10th May, 1892.

We have been lately visited by a very severe earthquake, in fact the most disastrous that has been known for years. It occurred at 10 a.m. on the 32nd, and is said to have been felt in Amoy, Swatow and Hongkong. The shock itself was preceded by a rumbling sound as of a heavy wagon approaching, and then came a heavy vertical, followed by the still more severe horizontal shaking. The whole thing lasted for about 30 seconds, and there can be but little doubt that a second or two more would have brought down many, if not most, of the houses both in Amoy and Tainanfo.

renewed. The roof of the Customs quarters on Fort Zealandia was badly shaken up, but otherwise the house was unhurt. Several houses have been severely cracked and shaken, and great care will have to be taken in making good these defects. A boundary wall about 200 yards long was thrown bodily into the road. Several native houses both in the city and Amoy are reported to have fallen, but we only hear of one or two deaths.

In taking the casualty list is greater. The Customs Officers and Assistants' quarters were so cracked, shaken up and generally battered that they have had to be raised to the ground and a completely new building is in course of erection. The Commissioner himself was caught in his house and had to pass rather anxious moments in the shelter of his office doorway. This gentleman's residence though not actually down is in such a cracked and dangerous state as to render any further habitation quite impossible, and we hear instructions are only being awaited from the North to proceed at once in restoring the dilapidations. Meanwhile both Commissioner and Assistant have availed themselves of Consular hospitality and gone to live on the roof of the bill in the spacious mansion H. M. Office of Works has erected here. As is always the case, houses standing on made ground have suffered most, while those built on rocks show little or no evidence of the severe handling they were subjected to.

Altogether this earthquake, comparatively short in duration though it was, has done more damage, and certainly excited more terror than any former outbreak of a similar nature during the past 30 years.

The Governor has been closely shut up in his *jantse* since arrival and it is said will only pay very formal and hurried visits to the foreign officials, as he passes through Amoy on his way to the steamer. H.E. has declined, on the plea of work, all proposals for the Consuls for visits to him even on important business. He is said to have been very active in some investigations concerning local officials and the popular rumor is that more than one have come under trial. There is no doubt that seeing for oneself cables a high ruler the better to gauge necessities and advantages, than when reports of occurrences and conditions of affairs have to filter solely through the individuals interested. Be all this as it may, H.E. has certainly managed to imbue the popular mind with the idea that he is going to be a great improvement on former experiences, and I think I may report that *Shan Yai-ai-ai* the populace, has decidedly *outré* his reference to foreigners H.E. impression. With reference to foreigners H.E. impression. With reference to foreigners H.E. impression. With reference to foreigners H.E. impression.

The Governor leaves to-morrow for Taipei in the Government Telegraph steamer *Fitch*.  
N. C. Daily News.

#### CHUNGKING.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

April 23rd, 1892.

Rather startling news has come to us from a friend who has been travelling in the region of the famous salt wells in the centre of the province. He writes that 80 *li* from the wells he met a gang of not less than ten men selling anti-foreign books and preaching a crusade against foreigners. They claimed to be under the Viceroy's protection and said their home was at Tsching, a large city between the two rivers towards the east border. "They did good trade and abused foreigners roundly. The reports are spreading and may bring us trouble at any time." Strange that when the stream of filth has been partially checked at Changsha it should threaten to inundate us in this province. We regret that our correspondent did not inform us more particularly of the contents of the books being sold, but trust he will do so later on. Where in all China has there been so much trouble as here? It is not a drop to a cup to it can hardly fail to mean trouble to us who live in this region, *minus* the gunboat expeditions.

That Viceroy Liu should be proclaimed as protector of this movement is significant, and goes to confirm the common view which credits him with being strongly anti-foreign. Two or three years ago some missionaries were driven out of Tsching, the magistrate claiming that he was acting under instructions from the Viceroy. The story has been repeated since, and the Viceroy's name has not been mentioned, and now at Chungking there is a case more serious still. Missionaries rented a house, and after a short occupancy were ordered to leave. Refusing to do so, there was an attempt to boycott them, people being threatened with punishment if they sold them either food or water, and this not proving sufficient, the tiles were taken off from over their heads. It was open sky and they were threatened with a pluck will win in this contest with official violence remains to be seen. In none of the above cases has there been reported any opposition on the part of the people, the opposition being solely from the officials, seconded by the *li* militia. Perhaps his recent crusade is intended to supply the element lacking. It looks as though they had deliberately set themselves to stem the tide of foreign influence. The chief is that foreigners have no treaty right to live in these places. But whatever opinion may be held on this point there is rapidly accumulating precedent in its favour. Missionaries are coming in such large numbers to interior places that this whole question soon have to be reviewed and settled on some more definite basis. Rumour has it that the Viceroy is to be changed, and that the Taotai at Shanghai has been appointed Provincial Treasurer.

28th April.  
We wrote a few days ago that the tiles had been taken off over the heads of the missionaries at Chungking. For, with threats of extreme measures if they did not leave the place. We now learn that the threat has been fulfilled. First an attempt was made to stir up the people with placards. Reference was made to the "Chungking riot," which was said to have been provoked by the kidnapping of children, and the missionaries at Chungking. The people were accused of the same crime. The chief is that foreigners have no treaty right to live in these places. But whatever opinion may be held on this point there is rapidly accumulating precedent in its favour. Missionaries are coming in such large numbers to interior places that this whole question soon have to be reviewed and settled on some more definite basis. Rumour has it that the Viceroy is to be changed, and that the Taotai at Shanghai has been appointed Provincial Treasurer.

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#### THE HONGKONG TELEGRAPH, THURSDAY, MAY 19, 1892.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

May 5th, 1892.

Last week this city was in a great state of excitement; first with the passing of the numerous dog boats, detached after detachment flying their different coloured bright flags. Next, the visit of the Viceroy, making his regular triennial tour of inspection which this year lasted only three days, as a despatch called him back to Nanking to quell an uprising of the *Kolao* *Hui*. Such was the rumour current among the natives, and the foreigners simply have to wait and wonder in suspense till the Shanghai papers come to bring them in touch with the outside world.

And an accident occurred on the arrival of the Viceroy; the soldiers on one of the small gunboats while firing a salute, became upset with excitement and dropped their light into their stock of powder, which gave them an upset of a different kind, one man being killed and three others injured. The Viceroy is said to have been displeased with the drilling of the soldiers, and it is no wonder, when we see how totally devoid of that individual desire to excel the Colonial is, as compared with Western soldiers. That the time is wasted in China, expressed in act if not in word, "exert yourself as little as possible," seems to have had its effect on the army as well as on the gentry and others. Think of ten days before the arrival of the big inspector, the cavalry just getting really wide awake about drilling. The efforts of some made them a regular laughing stock with those looking on; one man, though a member of the corps, *had never ridden before* and a splendid great amusement by his stammered and faltering attempts to ride, which soon proved unavailing, and over he went.

The return of the Viceroy was quite a slight for this quiet canal, his feet taking no less than six tugs, each pulling several large mandarin boats and a gunboat.

A fire broke out in a village about 50 *li* from here near the Hungtze lake and swept away every house, not one left within the town (mud) wall. The several hundred families left homeless were visited by the Hsien who will most likely petition the Taotai to render some assistance to rebuild their houses as they are far from affluent. Fortunately no lives were lost. There was much rain the latter part of April, but now bright and warm weather prevails.  
N. C. Daily News.

#### BITS OF INFORMATION.

New York leads the world in widows.

The sun never sets on the soil of the United States.

The entire coast-line of the globe is about 130,000 miles.

Greenland women had longer feet than the average man has now.

Between 1890 and 1891, 3,400 women were burned in Scotland for witchcraft.

The river Yukon is seventy miles wide across its five mouths and intervening delta.

The Nile must be about 4,100 miles long if the source be where Stanley says it is.

A man breathes about eighteen pints of air per minute, or upward of seven hogsheads in a day.

Many watches make five beats per second, 300 per minute, 18,000 every hour, or 432,000 per day.

Among English people dark-brown hair is more than twice as common as hair of any other shade.

The title of "Reverend" has been applied to clergymen since the middle of the Seventeenth century.

Paris contains more trees than any city in the world, which is one reason why its streets and avenues are so beautiful.

There is a time when the song "He's a Jolly Good Fellow" is sung in "Malbrook," which was once a national air in France.

In the United States one railroad passenger in every 2,000,000 is killed, but in France the ratio is only one to every 24,000,000.

British horses were famous when Julius Cæsar invaded England and some of them were carried by him as trophies to Rome.

*Modus vivendi* means a temporary agreement that shall be observed until a new arrangement shall be inaugurated.

For the "Paradise Lost," that magnificent masterpiece of the human mind, Milton received from his publishers the paltry sum of £10.

It is strange, though true, that in Asia and Africa, where grass will not grow, the most beautiful flowers and shrubs flourish to perfection.

The Salvation Army publishes thirty-two weekly newspapers and five monthly magazines, which are found in the regions of this empire, giving a total annual circulation of 45,000,000 copies.

The smallest of British quadrupeds is supposed to be the harvest mouse, found chiefly in Hampshire, and so diminutive that two of them put into a scale just weighed down one copper half-penny.

The altitude of perpetual snow at the Equator is about 15,000 feet high at 20 deg. of north or south latitude; 24,000 feet at 40 deg. 3,000 feet at 60 deg. 2,818 feet, and near the Pole it sinks to the sea-level.

Perhaps man's duration on earth may get up to the old standard by and by. The average duration of human life is said to be increasing at the rate of ten years each century. Men are not old now so early as the used to be.

Birds, as a rule, cannot focus their eyes on an object save at a considerable distance, and then only with difficulty. The reason for this singular defect is found in the position of the eye in the head, one being placed on each side and looking directly outward.

The great value of Scott's Emulsion of Pure Cod Liver Oil with Hypophosphites in Wasting Diseases is shown by the accompanying statement from D. C. Freeman, Sydney, Aust.

"Having been a great sufferer from pulmonary attacks and gradually wasting away for the past two years; it affords me great pleasure to testify that the above medicine has given me great relief, and cheerfully recommend it to all suffering in a similar way to myself. In addition I would say that it is very pleasant to take. Any English Dispensary or Chemist will supply it. (Limited) Agents in Hongkong and China."

4444.

THE "HONGKONG TELEGRAPH" will be on sale at the Hongkong and Victoria Hotels, opposite the Hongkong Club, and at Pedder's Hall, EVERY EVENING from 5.30 to 7.30 o'clock.

PRICE ..... TEN CENTS.

Copies ordered from the Office will be charged the usual rate—25 cents.

Advertisements are received at the Hongkong Telegraph Office by far the largest circulation of any English newspaper published in the Far East. THIS IS GUARANTEED. Terms on application.

Hongkong, 14th October, 1891.

#### Today's Advertisements.

##### NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

FOR KOBE AND YOKOHAMA.  
THE Company's Steamship

"MIKE MARU,"  
Captain J. B. Macmillan, will be despatched for the above Ports TO-DAY, the 19th inst.

For Freight or Passage, apply to  
GEO. R. STEVENS & Co.,  
Agents.  
Hongkong, 19th May, 1892. [504]

DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED.  
FOR SWATOW, AMOY, AND TAMSUI.  
THE Company's Steamship

"FORMOSA,"  
Captain Bathurst, will be despatched for the above Ports, on SATURDAY, the 21st instant, at 2 P.M.

For Freight or Passage, apply to  
DOUGLAS, LAIDLAK & Co.,  
General Managers.  
Hongkong, 19th May, 1892. [540]

FOR NAGASAKI.  
THE Steamship

"DECIMA,"  
Captain Christensen, will be despatched for the above Port, on SATURDAY, the 21st inst., at 2 P.M.

For Freight or Passage, apply to  
GEO. R. STEVENS & Co.,  
Agents.  
Hongkong, 19th May, 1892. [535]

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.  
FOR KOBE AND YOKOHAMA.  
THE Steamship

"HIROSHIMA MARU,"  
Captain J. H. Pynn, will be despatched for the above Ports, on THURSDAY, the 26th instant.

For Freight or Passage, apply to  
GEO. R. STEVENS & Co.,  
Agents.  
Hongkong, 19th May, 1892. [536]

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.  
STEAM FOR SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, BOMBAY, ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, BRINDISI, VENICE, FIUME, AND TRIESTE.

(Taking Cargo at through rates to CALCUTTA, MADRAS, PERSIAN GULF, RED SEA, BLACK SEA, LEVANT AND AFRICAN PORTS.)  
THE Company's Steamship

"MARIA TERESA,"  
will be despatched as above on the 26th instant, at 1 P.M.

Cargo will not be received on board after 3 P.M. prior to date of sailing.

For further information as to Passage and Freight, apply to  
DAVID SASSOON, SONS & Co.,  
Hongkong, 19th May, 1892. [457]

JUST ARRIVED IN HONGKONG.  
THE CELEBRATED CHAMPION

SIAMESE  
FOOTBALL PLAYERS,  
(TUCK-RAW).

THESE splendid performers have played with great success before:—  
His Majesty the King of Siam.

H. L. H. the Carewicz of Russia.  
H. R. H. Prince Oscar of Sweden.  
H. R. H. the Duke of Genoa.  
H. R. H. the Duke of Mecklenburg.

And all other Sultans of Royalty who have visited Siam.

WILL PLAY AT WEST POINT,  
on  
SATURDAY NEXT, the 21st.

Doors open at 4.30 P.M.  
Commence at 5 P.M.

Admission 50 cents; Chair, \$1.  
Chinese, 25 cents.  
Hongkong, 19th May, 1892. [534]

#### WANTED.

TO buy a full Rigged Barque of some FIVE HUNDRED TONNAGE, either Wood or Iron, must be comparatively new with all the latest improvements. English built, one preferred. Apply to the Undersigned with full particulars as to construction, price, &c.

HANABUSA SHOKWAI,  
No. 13, Minami Kinokuni-cho,  
Kiohashi-ku,  
Tokyo, Japan. [535]

#### THE TYPHOON SEASON.

NOW READY.

A SECOND EDITION OF THREE THOUSAND COPIES OF  
"THE LAW OF STORMS IN THE EASTERN SEAS,"  
(by W. DOLBECH, Director of Hongkong Observatory).

THIS useful work has been re-written and greatly enlarged, and is illustrated by lithographs showing the courses of the typhoons of late years.

The pamphlet is issued at One Dollar, and may be obtained from  
Messrs. Kelly & Walsh, Limited, Hongkong.

"Lane, Crawford & Co."  
"G. Falconer & Co."  
"C. J. Guppy & Co."  
"Blackhead & Co."  
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Mr. W. Brewer.  
The Hongkong Trading Co., Ltd.  
Messrs. A. A. de Mello & Co., Macao.  
Messrs. N. Mollie & Co., Ltd., Amoy.

Mr. H. W. Churchill, Foochow.  
Messrs. Kelly & Walsh, Limited, Shanghai.  
Messrs. Kelly & Walsh, Limited, Yokohama.

Messrs. Sayle & Co., Ltd., Singapore.  
Messrs. Arncliffe Prince & Co., Paris & London.



### **Chairs:**